#### 108TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# S. 2798

To provide for increased planning and funding for health promotion programs of the Department of Health and Human Services.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

**SEPTEMBER 14, 2004** 

Mr. Lugar (for himself, Mr. Bingaman, Mr. Bunning, Mr. Campbell, Ms. Cantwell, Mrs. Clinton, Mr. Cochran, Mr. Graham of South Carolina, and Mr. Jeffords) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

### A BILL

To provide for increased planning and funding for health promotion programs of the Department of Health and Human Services.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Health Promotion
- 5 Funding Integrated Research, Synthesis, and Training
- 6 Act" or the "Health Promotion FIRST Act".
- 7 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 8 Congress makes the following findings:

- 1 (1) Lifestyle factors are responsible for almost 2 half of the premature deaths in developed nations, 3 and a large portion of the deaths in developing na-4 tions.
  - (2) Lifestyle factors are a primary cause of the 6 leading causes of death in the United States, including heart disease, cancer, stroke, respiratory diseases, accidents, and diabetes, which account for almost 75 percent of all deaths in the United States.
  - (3) A significant portion of the health disparities in the United States are caused by lifestyle factors, which could be improved by health promotion programs.
  - (4) The United States is experiencing epidemics in diabetes and obesity among adults and children, at the same time a majority of the population is sedentary and eats an unhealthy diet.
  - (5) Health promotion programs have been shown to be effective in improving health knowledge, attitudes, behaviors and conditions, and delaying disability in older age.
  - (6) Per capita medical care costs in the United States are more than double those of all but 2 other countries in the world, yet the United States ranks 24th in terms of disability adjusted life expectancy,

- infant mortality, and other positive lifestyle measures.
  - (7) Medical care costs are second only to education in State government budgets.
  - (8) Lifestyle factors are responsible for at least ½ of employer's medical care costs in the United States.
  - (9) Health promotion programs have been shown to be effective in reducing medical costs and enhancing productivity.
  - (10) Significant gaps exist in the basic and applied research base of health promotion regarding how to best reach and serve people of color, low-income people, people with little formal education, children, and older adults, how to create long-term health improvements, how to create supportive environments, and how to address gender issues. More focused research can reduce these gaps.
  - (11) Significant gaps exist between the best and the typical health promotion programs. Better synthesis and dissemination of results can reduce these gaps.
  - (12) The genomic revolution will soon allow genetic information to be used to identify individual susceptibility to common disorders such as heart dis-

- ease, diabetes, cancer, stroke, and respiratory diseases, and the most effective method to prevent many of these diseases will be health promotion.
  - (13) Health promotion is the most effective strategy to achieve a majority of the major objectives in Healthy People 2010 Objectives for the United States developed by the Department of Health and Human Services.
  - (14) A significant increase in demand for health promotion programs is expected in the next decade and a stable infrastructure must be in place to ensure continual development of the health promotion science base to be able to service this demand effectively.
  - (15) Health promotion is the art and science of motivating people to enhance their lifestyles to achieve complete health, not just the absence of disease. Complete health involves a balance of physical, mental, and social health.
  - (16) Health promotion programs focus on practices such as exercising regularly, eating a nutritious diet, maintaining a healthy weight, managing stress, avoiding dangerous substances such as tobacco and illegal drugs, drinking alcohol in moderation or not

1	at all, driving safely, being wise consumers of health
2	care, and a number of other health related practices.
3	(17) The most effective health promotion pro-
4	grams include a combination of strategies to in-
5	crease awareness, facilitate behavior change, and de-
6	velop cultures and physical environments that en-
7	courage and support healthy lifestyle practices.
8	(18) Health promotion programs can be pro-
9	vided in family, clinical, child care, school, work-
10	place, Federal, State, and community settings.
11	SEC. 3. HEALTH PROMOTION RESEARCH AND DISSEMINA-
12	TION.
13	The Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 201 et
14	seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
15	"TITLE XXIX—HEALTH PRO-
16	MOTION RESEARCH AND DIS-
17	SEMINATION
18	"Subtitle A—Coordination of Pro-
19	grams of the Department of
20	<b>Health and Human Services</b>
21	"SEC. 2901. PLAN FOR HEALTH PROMOTION PROGRAMS.
22	"(a) In General.—The Secretary shall develop, and
23	periodically review and as appropriate revise, a plan in ac-
24	cordance with this section for activities of the Department
25	of Health and Human Services relating to health pro-

1	motion. The plan shall include provisions for coordinating	
2	all such activities of the Department, including activities	
3	under section 1701 to—	
4	"(1) formulate national goals, and a strategy to	
5	achieve such goals, with respect to health informa-	
6	tion and health promotion, preventive health serv-	
7	ices, and education in the appropriate use of health	
8	$\operatorname{care};$	
9	"(2) analyze the necessary and available re-	
10	source for implementing the goals and strategy for-	
11	mulated pursuant to paragraph (1), and recommend	
12	appropriate educational and quality assurance poli-	
13	cies for the needed manpower resources identified by	
14	such analysis;	
15	"(3) undertake and support necessary activities	
16	and programs to—	
17	"(A) incorporate appropriate health pro-	
18	motion concepts into our society, especially into	
19	all aspects of education and health care;	
20	"(B) increase the application and use of	
21	health knowledge, skills, and practices by the	
22	general population in its patterns of daily liv-	
23	ing; and	
24	"(C) establish systematic processes for the	
25	exploration, development, demonstration, and	

1	evaluation of innovative health promotion con-
2	cepts; and
3	"(4) undertake and support research and dem-
4	onstration programs relating to health information
5	and health promotion, preventive health services,
6	and education in the appropriate use of health care.
7	"(b) Basic and Applied Science.—The plan devel-
8	oped under subsection (a) shall contain provisions to ad-
9	dress how to best develop the basic and applied science
10	of health promotion, including—
11	"(1) a research agenda;
12	"(2) an identification of the best combination of
13	Federal agency, university, and other community re-
14	sources most qualified to pursue each of the compo-
15	nents of such agenda;
16	"(3) protocols to facilitate ongoing cooperation
17	and collaboration among the Federal agencies to
18	pursue the agenda; and
19	"(4) budgetary requirements with respect to the
20	agenda.
21	"(c) Dissemination of Information.—The plan
22	developed under subsection (a) shall contain provisions to
23	address how to best synthesize and disseminate health
24	promotion research findings to scientists, professionals,
25	and the public, including provisions for the following:

- "(1) Protocols for ongoing monitoring of all
  health promotion research.
- 3 "(2) Preparation of systematic reviews and 4 meta-analyses.
- 5 "(3) Distillation of findings into practice guide-6 lines for programs offered in clinical, workplace, 7 school, home, neighborhood, municipal, and State 8 settings.
- 9 "(4) Strategies to incorporate findings into col-10 lege, university, and continuing educational cur-11 riculum for all related health professions.
- "(5) Communication of key findings to policy
  makers in business, government, educational and
  community settings who influence investment decisions.
- "(6) Identification of the optimal combination of government agencies to coordinate the matters referred to in paragraphs (1) through (5).
- 19 "(d) Support and Development of Profes-
- 20 SIONAL AND SCIENTIFIC COMMUNITY.—The plan devel-
- 21 oped under subsection (a) shall contain provisions to ad-
- 22 dress how to best support and develop the health pro-
- 23 motion professional and scientific community through en-
- 24 hancement of existing or development of new professional
- 25 organizations.

- 1 "(e) Integration of Health Promotion; Inter-
- 2 NAL DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES.—The plan developed
- 3 under subsection (a) shall contain provisions to address
- 4 how resources, policies, structures, and legislation within
- 5 the Department of Health and Human Services can best
- 6 be modified or developed to integrate health promotion
- 7 into all health professions and sectors of society and make
- 8 health promoting opportunities available to all members
- 9 of the public.
- 10 "(f) Integration of Health Promotion Exter-
- 11 NAL ACTIVITIES.—The plan developed under subsection
- 12 (a) shall contain provisions to address how overall Federal
- 13 Government policies, structures, and legislation external
- 14 to the Department of Health and Human Services can
- 15 best be modified or developed to integrate health pro-
- 16 motion into all health professions and sectors of society
- 17 and to make health promoting opportunities available to
- 18 all individuals.
- 19 "(g) Perspectives.—Due to 30 years of experience
- 20 showing that traditional medical and educational ap-
- 21 proaches are not sufficient to motivate people to make and
- 22 sustain basic health behavior changes, in developing the
- 23 plan under subsection (a), the Secretary shall seek per-
- 24 spectives from individuals representing a diverse range of
- 25 disciplines, including the following areas:

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1
             "(1) Agriculture.
 2
             "(2) Anthropology.
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             "(3) Child development.
             "(4) City planning.
 4
 5
             "(5) Commerce.
             "(6) Economics.
 6
             "(7) Environmental planning and design.
 7
             "(8) Exercise physiology.
 8
 9
             "(9) Financial analysis.
             "(10) Health education.
10
             "(11) Health policy.
11
             "(12) Individual psychology.
12
             "(13) Management.
13
             "(14) Medicine.
14
             "(15) Nursing.
15
             "(16) Nutrition organization psychology.
16
             "(17) Taxation.
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18
             "(18) Transportation planning.
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        "(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the
20
   purpose of carrying out this section, there are authorized
21
   to be appropriated $6,000,000 for fiscal year 2004,
22
   $4,000,000 for fiscal year 2005, and $3,000,000 for each
23
   of fiscal years 2006 through 2008. Such authorization is
   in addition to other authorizations that are available for
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carrying out such purpose.

1	"Subtitle B—Basic Science Pro-	
2	grams Through National Insti-	
3	tutes of Health	
4	"SEC. 2911. BASIC SCIENCE.	
5	"(a) Plan.—The Director of the National Institutes	
6	of Health (referred to in this subtitle as 'NIH'), acting	
7	through the Office of Behavioral and Social Sciences Re-	
8	search, shall develop, and periodically review and as appro-	
9	priate revise, a plan on how to best develop the basic	
10	science of health promotion through the NIH agencies.	
11	The plan shall be consistent with and shall elaborate upon	
12	applicable provisions of the Departmental plan under sec-	
13	tion 2901(a).	
14	"(b) CERTAIN COMPONENTS OF PLAN.—The plan	
15	developed under subsection (a) shall include the following	
16	provisions:	
17	"(1) A research agenda to develop the basic	
18	science of health promotion.	
19	"(2) Recommendations on funding levels for the	
20	various areas of research on such agenda.	
21	"(3) Recommendations on the best combination	
22	of NIH agencies and non-Federal entities to carry	
23	out research under the agenda.	
24	"(c) Allocation of Resources.—Subject to com-	
25	pliance with appropriation Acts, the plan developed under	

- 1 subsection (a) shall provide for the allocation of resources
- 2 for research under such plan relative to other areas of
- 3 health, as appropriate taking into account the burden of
- 4 lifestyle factors on morbidity and mortality, and the
- 5 progress likely in advancing the science of health pro-
- 6 motion given the current and evolving level of science on
- 7 health promotion, and the relative cost of conducting re-
- 8 search on health promotion compared to other areas of
- 9 research.

#### 10 "SEC. 2912. EARLY RESEARCH PROGRAMS.

- 11 "(a) Plan.—The Director of NIH, acting through
- 12 the Office of Behavioral and Social Sciences Research,
- 13 shall conduct or support early research programs and re-
- 14 search training regarding health promotion.
- 15 "(b) Funding.—
- 16 "(1) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- 17 For the purpose of carrying out subsection (a), there
- is authorized to be appropriated \$30,000,000 for fis-
- 19 cal year 2004. Such authorization is in addition to
- other authorizations that are available for carrying
- 21 out such purpose.
- "(2) RESERVATION.—The Secretary shall re-
- serve not less than 90 percent of the amount appro-
- priated under paragraph (1) to carry out subsection
- 25 (a) through the awarding of grants, cooperative

- 1 agreements, or contracts to public and private enti-
- 2 ties, including universities, hospitals, research orga-
- 3 nizations and health promotion venders. Of the
- 4 amounts so reserved, the Secretary shall designate a
- 5 portion of such amounts to support research train-
- 6 ing under subsection (a) to enhance the skills and
- 7 increase the numbers of scientists trained in health
- 8 promotion.

### 9 "Subtitle C—Applied Research Pro-

## 10 grams Through Centers for Dis-

### ease Control and Prevention

- 12 "SEC. 2921. RESEARCH AGENDA.
- 13 "The Secretary, acting through the Director of the
- 14 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (referred to
- 15 in this subtitle as the 'Director of CDC'), shall develop,
- 16 and periodically review and as appropriate revise, a plan
- 17 that establishes for such Centers a research agenda re-
- 18 garding health promotion. The plan shall be consistent
- 19 with and shall elaborate upon applicable provisions of the
- 20 Departmental plan developed under section 2901(a).
- 21 "SEC. 2922. HEALTH PROMOTION RESEARCH CENTERS.
- 22 "(a) AUTHORIZATION.—The Director of the National
- 23 Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Pro-
- 24 motion (referred to in this section as the 'Director') shall
- 25 award grants, on a competitive basis, to eligible entities

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to enable such entities to develop Health Promotion Re-
 2
   search Centers (referred to in this section as 'Centers').
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        "(b) Eligible Entity.—In this section, the term
   'eligible entity' includes—
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             "(1) institutions of higher education;
 5
             "(2) public and private research institutions;
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 7
             "(3) departments or schools of—
                  "(A) business;
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                  "(B) city planning;
 9
                  "(C) education:
10
                  "(D) nursing;
11
                  "(E) psychology;
12
                  "(F) public policy;
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                  "(G) transportation; and
14
                  "(H) social work; and
15
             "(4) private research, membership, or service
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17
        organizations.
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        "(c) APPLICATION.—An eligible entity that desires to
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   receive a grant under this section shall submit an applica-
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   tion to the Director at such time, in such manner, and
21
   containing such information as the Director may require.
   An eligible entity may apply for not more than 3 grants
23
    each with a duration of 5-years.
        "(d) AWARDING OF GRANTS.—
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1	"(1) Number of Centers.—The Director
2	shall award grants for the development of not more
3	than—
4	"(A) 5 new Centers in fiscal year 2005;
5	"(B) 5 new Centers in fiscal year 2006;
6	"(C) 5 new Centers in fiscal year 2007;
7	"(D) 5 new Centers in fiscal year 2008;
8	"(E) 5 new Centers in fiscal year 2009;
9	and
10	"(F) 5 new Centers in fiscal year 2010.
11	"(2) Grant Period and Award Amount.—
12	Grants awarded under this section shall be for a pe-
13	riod of 5 years. A grant award shall be in an
14	amount not to exceed—
15	"(A) \$500,000 in the first year of the
16	grant award;
17	"(B) \$1,000,000 in the second year of the
18	grant award; and
19	"(C) \$2,000,000 in each of the third,
20	fourth, and fifth years of the grant award.
21	"(3) Focus of Centers.—In awarding grants
22	under this section, the Director shall ensure that—
23	"(A) not less than 1 Center concentrates
24	the Center's efforts on developing the applied

1	science of health promotion in each of the fol-
2	lowing areas:
3	"(i) the workplace;
4	"(ii) schools;
5	"(iii) families;
6	"(iv) clinical settings; and
7	"(v) community settings; and
8	"(B) not less than 1 other Center focuses
9	the Center's work on each of the following
10	areas:
11	"(i) program evaluation;
12	"(ii) training and support of the
13	health promotion professional workforce;
14	and
15	"(iii) health promotion policy at the
16	Federal, State, and local level.
17	"(e) Uses of Funds.—
18	"(1) In general.—
19	"(A) Provision of Advice and Organi-
20	ZATION.—A Center that is developed from
21	funds from a grant awarded under this section
22	shall invest approximately 10 percent of the
23	Center's staff time and resources to—
24	"(i) forming relationships with, and
25	providing limited ongoing advice to, health

1	departments in the county and State where
2	the entity is located; and

"(ii) organizing local networks of scientists, program managers, vendors, and other professionals interested in health promotion and disease prevention.

"(B) USE OF OUTSIDE PROVIDERS.—When conducting intervention research or research on other health promotion programs, a Center that is developed from funds from a grant awarded under this section shall review the capabilities of local nonprofit and for-profit program providers to provide the programming and services required for the programs. The Center shall use such program providers if the program providers provide a clear quality and cost advantage relative to developing such capabilities internally.

"(C) Addressing priorities and research agenda.—A Center that is developed from funds from a grant awarded under this section shall address the priorities identified in the health promotion research agendas developed by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the National Science Foundation,

- and the Department of Health and Human
   Services.
- "(2) Permissive uses.—An eligible entity that receives a grant under this section may use the grant funds for faculty salaries, student fellowships, outreach to the local community, research, program development, or program administration.
- 8 "(3) ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.—An eligible enti-9 ty that receives a grant under this section may ex-10 pend not more than 15 percent of the grant funds 11 on administrative costs.

#### 12 "SEC. 2923. EXTRAMURAL RESEARCH PROGRAM.

- 13 "(a) Outreach.—In carrying out the Extramural
- 14 Research Program of the Centers for Disease Control and
- 15 Prevention, the Director of CDC shall make an effort to
- 16 attract grant applications from groups with extensive ex-
- 17 perience in providing programs but limited experience in
- 18 developing research grants or conducting research, or
- 19 both. Such efforts shall include proactive outreach to such
- 20 groups, providing planning grants to fund development of
- 21 grant proposals, and providing technical assistance for the
- 22 design portion of the grant application.
- 23 "(b) Applied Science of Health Promotion.—
- 24 In carrying out the Extramural Research Program of the
- 25 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Director

- 1 of CDC shall devote a portion of research funding to devel-
- 2 oping the applied science of health promotion for work-
- 3 place, school, family, clinical, and community settings.
- 4 "SEC. 2924. WORKPLACE HEALTH PROGRAM.
- 5 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of CDC shall carry
- 6 out a program—
- 7 "(1) to develop a research agenda for workplace
- 8 health promotion and shall seek perspectives from a
- 9 wide range of workplace health promotion program
- practitioners and scientists in developing such agen-
- 11 da;
- 12 "(2) of research that addresses the important
- issues identified in the research agenda under para-
- 14 graph (1); and
- 15 "(3) to support synthesis of findings made in
- such research and to disseminate information to
- educators, practitioners, business leaders, and health
- policy leaders.
- 19 "(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the
- 20 purpose of carrying out subsection (a), there are author-
- 21 ized to be appropriated \$6,000,000 for fiscal year 2004,
- 22 \$8,000,000 for fiscal year 2005, \$11,000,000 for fiscal
- 23 year 2006, \$15,000,000 for fiscal year 2007, and
- 24 \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2008.

### 1 "SEC. 2925. CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS.

- 2 "(a) General Goal of Programs.—The Director
- 3 of CDC shall ensure that programs carried out pursuant
- 4 to this subtitle are consistent with the general goal of de-
- 5 veloping the most effective individual and group strategies
- 6 for clinical, workplace, school, and community based pro-
- 7 grams regarding health promotion.
- 8 "(b) Reservation for Award to Public and Pri-
- 9 VATE ENTITIES.—
- 10 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Of the amounts made
- available under this subtitle, the Director of CDC
- shall reserve not less than 75 percent for the award-
- ing of grants, cooperative agreements, or contracts
- to public and private entities, including universities,
- hospitals, research organizations, and local and na-
- tional health promotion venders through collabo-
- 17 rative efforts.
- 18 "(2) Requirement for state and local
- 19 HEALTH DEPARTMENTS.—Awards made to State
- and local health departments pursuant to this title
- shall be made on the condition that the departments
- develop a basic staff infrastructure to manage the
- programs for which the awards are made. With re-
- spect to such condition, the departments may con-
- 25 tract with providers in the communities involved to

1 secure programs and skills required to carry out the 2 programs. "Subtitle D—Other Programs and 3 **Policies** 4 5 "SEC. 2931. MODIFICATION OF APPLICATIONS AWARD 6 PROCESS TO ATTRACT MOST QUALIFIED SCI-7 ENTISTS AND PRACTITIONERS; DEVELOPING 8 HEALTH PROMOTION INFRASTRUCTURE. 9 "(a) Modification of Awards Application Proc-10 ESS.—In awarding grants, cooperative agreements, and contracts under this title, the Secretary shall modify the 11 12 application process to attract the most qualified individuals and organizations, rather than those individuals and organizations that are most sophisticated with respect to 14 15 the applications processes. 16 "(b) General Priority of Developing Health PROMOTION INFRASTRUCTURE.—The Secretary shall ensure that programs carried out pursuant to this title are 18 19 consistent with the general priority of developing the health promotion infrastructure among universities, nonprofit organizations, and for-profit organizations, rather than increasing the size of State or local governments or the Federal Government.".